CIVIL PENALTIES AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF

NO FEE GOVT CODE SEC. 6183

- 3. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code sections 39674, 41513 and 42403(a), the District Attorney may bring a civil action in the name of the People of the State of California to enjoin any violation of the California Clean Air Act ("CCAA"), Division 26 of the Health and Safety Code and to seek civil penalties for any violation of the CCAA.
- 4. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17203, 17204 and 17206, the District Attorney may bring a civil action in the name of the People of the State of California to enjoin any person who engages, has engaged, or proposes to engage in unfair competition, as defined in Business and Professions Code section 17200, and for civil penalties for each act of unfair competition.
- 5. Plaintiff brings this action without prejudice to any other actions or claims which Plaintiff may have based upon separate, independent and unrelated violations arising out of matters or allegations that are not set forth in this Complaint.

#### **DEFENDANTS**

- 6. Defendant SA Recycling, LLC ("SA Recycling") is a limited liability corporation organized and existing under the Laws of the State of Delaware with offices at 3200 East Frontera Street, Anaheim, California 92806 and doing business in the State of California. Defendant Simsmetal West, LLC is a limited liability corporation organized and existing under the Laws of the State of Delaware with offices at 110 Fifth Avenue, Seventh Floor, New York, New York 10011, which formerly did business in the State of California. Simsmetal West, LLC was formerly organized and existed under the laws of the State of Delaware as Sims Hugo Neu West and Hugo Neu-Proler, a general partnership, and, between February and May 2007, was formerly named Sims Hugo Neu West, LLC. Collectively, Simsmetal West, LLC, the Sims Hugo Neu West and Hugo Neu-Proler partnership and Sims Hugo Neu West, LLC, are herein referred to "Sims."
- 7. Whenever an allegation regarding the act of a defendant is made herein, such an allegation shall be deemed to mean that defendants, or agents or employees of said defendants, are alleged to have performed or authorized such acts while actively engaging in

the affairs of the defendant, and while acting in the course and scope of their employment or

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#### ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY UNDER THE HWCL

- 12. Section 25189 of the Health and Safety Code provides for civil liability for any negligent or intentional violation of the HWCL, or for any violation of any permit, rule, regulation, standard, or requirement issued or promulgated pursuant to the HWCL. Section 25189.2 of the Health and Safety Code is an alternative strict liability provision, which provides for civil liability for any violation of the HWCL, or for any violation of any permit, rule, regulation, standard, or requirement issued or promulgated pursuant to the HWCL.
- 13. The HWCL, specifically Health and Safety Code sections 25181 and 25184, authorizes the Court to issue an order that enjoins any ongoing or potential violation of the HWCL, or any applicable rule, regulation, permit, standard, requirement, or order issued or promulgated pursuant to the HWCL.
- 14. Health and Safety Code section 25184 provides that in civil actions brought pursuant to the HWCL in which an injunction or temporary restraining order is sought, it shall not be necessary to allege or prove at any stage of the proceeding that irreparable damage will occur should the temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction not be issued. Similarly, it shall not be necessary to allege or prove that the remedy at law is inadequate, and the temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction shall issue without such allegations and without such proof.
- 15. Health and Safety Code section 39674 provides for civil liability for any violation of any rule or regulation, emission limitation, permit condition, or filing requirement adopted by the state air resources board or any air district or for which delegation or approval of implementation and enforcement authority has been obtained pursuant to Section 112 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. Section 7412(118. Health and Safety Code section 42403(a) provides that the civil penalties prescribed in Division 26 of the Health & Safety Code, Sections 39000 et seq., shall be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in the name of the people of the State of California by the Attorney General or by any district attorney.
- 16. Health and Safety Code Section 41513 authorizes the Court to issue an order that enjoins any violation of the CCAA or any order, rule, or regulation, of the California Air

Resources Board or of any air district. In civil actions brought to enjoin any violation of the
CCAA, the Plaintiff shall not be required to allege facts necessary to show, or tending to
show, lack of adequate remedy at law, or that show, or tend to show, irreparable damage or
loss.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

During all times relevant to the allegations set forth in this complaint, Defendants, or
one of them, were engaged in the business of collecting, recycling and processing ferrous and
non-ferrous metals at several locations in California including 901 New Dock Street, San
Pedro, California 90731 ("Terminal Island") and 3200 East Frontera Street, Anaheim,
California 92806 ("Anaheim") (collectively, "Covered Facilities"). At the Covered Facilities,
Defendants, or one of them, shred metal products, including end-of-life automobiles and
appliances. At each location, recyclable metal materials are fed into a scrap metal shredding
system referred to as a mega-shredder and the resulting aggregate is sorted to separate ferrous
metal, non-ferrous metal and other recyclable materials. The sorting process ultimately
generates auto shredder residue ("ASR"), which is a heterogeneous mixture of the material
remaining after all recoverable metals and other valuable commodities have been removed
from the aggregate. Before being shipped offsite, the ASR is treated in a process approved by
the California Department of Toxic Substances Control ("DTSC") to reduce solubility of any
remaining metals.

- 18. On several occasions, including but not limited to March 27, 2008 and April 9, 10 and 11, 2008, DTSC sampled SA Recycling's treated ASR at landfills authorized to receive and use treated ASR as alternative daily cover. Samples were taken at landfills, including the Simi Valley Landfill and the Chiquita Canyon Landfill. DTSC'S analytical results indicated that certain samples of the treated ASR exceeded regulatory thresholds for lead, zinc or cadmium, but that the mean concentration in each truckload of ASR did not exceed regulatory thresholds for any regulated analyte.
- 19. A report titled "Deposition of coarse toxic particles in Wilmington, CA prepared for the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) dated April 4, 2009," by the Delta

Group at the University of California, Davis concluded that coarse particulate matter was
emitted into the air from the SA Recycling's Terminal Island location and that a fraction of
the coarse particulate matter contained metals, including lead, that exceeded DTSC regulatory
thresholds.

- 20. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants, or one of them, were responsible for the operation of the Terminal Island and Anaheim locations.
- 21. On or about June 9, 2004, the South Coast Air Quality Management District ("District") granted a Permit to Construct, Application 421094, to Hugo Neu-Proler Co. for equipment located at Terminal Island. The Permit to Construct states that it is for a Ferrous Scrap Metal Shredding and Sorting System and permit conditions prohibit the operation of the equipment unless "vented only to air pollution control equipment that is in full use and has been issued an operating permit by the AQMD."
- 22. On or about October 18, 2006, the District granted a Permit to Construct, Application 456421, to Sims Hugo Neu West, for construction of an APCS consisting of a cyclone separator, a baghouse and an exhaust system at the Terminal Island location. The Permit to Construct condition 2 states that "[t]his equipment shall be properly maintained and kept in good operating condition at all times."
- 23. Plaintiff is informed and thereupon believes and alleges that on or about May 22, 2007, an explosion occurred within the Terminal Island APCS and mega-shredder that rendered the APCS inoperable
- 24. Plaintiff is informed and thereupon believes and alleges that the Defendants, or one of them, have engaged in the following actions and or omissions, among others, at the Terminal Island location:
- a. After the May 22, 2007 explosion, although Sims did repair portions of the APCS shortly thereafter, Sims continued to operate the mega-shredder without a fully functioning APCS in violation of the conditions of the District permit;
- b. While Sims did report the May 22, 2007 explosion to the District shortly thereafter and met with the District regarding the design of a new APCS, Sims did not report

- c. After SA Recycling acquired the Terminal Island location from Sims on September 1, 2007, SA Recycling LLC met with the District to formulate a schedule for the design and installation of a new APCS intended to control emissions from the Terminal Island location, but continued to operate the mega-shredder without a fully functioning APCS in violation of the conditions of the District permit; and
- 25. Plaintiff alleges that between October 5, 2007 and October 31, 2007, SA Recycling caused recovered nonferrous metals called Sabot/Zorba/Stainless Steel to be shipped from the Terminal Island location to the Anaheim location for further separation and recovery. Such shipments occurred on at least 32 occasions and were not accompanied by a hazardous waste manifest. At all times that shipments were being made, SA Recycling did not have authorization to receive hazardous waste at the Anaheim location, and such shipments constituted a violation of applicable provisions of the HWCL and Division 14.1 of the Vehicle Code.
- 26. Plaintiff alleges that SA Recycling, at all times relevant hereto, caused and/or performed each of the acts and/or omissions in violation of California law in the ownership and/or operation of the Covered Facilities as alleged below:
- a. Delivered, or otherwise transferred custody or possession of, hazardous waste to a person or entity that was not properly licensed and registered to transport hazardous waste, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 25163, subdivision (a)(1);
- b. Transported hazardous waste without being properly licensed and registered to transport hazardous waste, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 25163, subdivision (a)(1) and in violation of Division 14.1 of the Vehicle Code;
- c. Disposed, or caused the disposal of, hazardous waste at a point not authorized, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 25189;
- d. Stored hazardous waste onsite beyond the time permitted by law at a facility which did not have a hazardous waste storage permit from the DTSC, in violation of Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66262.34, and Health and Safety Code section

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- Failed to comply with employee training obligations as set forth in Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66265.16, pertaining to the handling of hazardous waste, including but not limited to the requirements to maintain, for a period of three years, training documentation for each employee involved in the handling of hazardous waste;
- f. Failed to determine if a generated waste was a "hazardous waste" as required by Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66262.11, and, where such waste was hazardous, failed to handle the hazardous waste in accordance with the requirements of the HWCL and its implementing regulations in Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, including but not limited to section 66265.172 (compatible contents), and section 66265.177 (placing incompatible waste streams in the same container);
- g. Failed to properly label containers of accumulated hazardous waste, in violation of Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66262.34, subdivision (f);
- h. Failed to keep containers of hazardous waste closed, except when removing or adding hazardous waste, in violation of Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66265.173:
- i. Failed to maintain and operate the subject locations so as to minimize the possibility of a fire, explosion, or any unplanned sudden or non-sudden release of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents to air, soil or surface water which could threaten human health or the environment, in violation of Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66265.31:
- į. Failed to maintain containers holding hazardous waste at the subject location so as to prevent leaks, in violation of Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66265.173;
- k. Failed to conduct weekly inspections of hazardous waste storage areas at the subject location, in violation of Title 22, California Code of Regulations, section 66264.174.

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FIRSI	CAUSE	OF ACT	IUN

- Violations of the Hazardous Waste Control Law; Health & Safety Code Section 25189 et seq.
   and Implementing Regulations Against SA Recycling
- 4 | 27. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive.
- 5 28. SA Recycling is liable for civil penalties as set forth in Health and Safety Code section
- 6 25189 et seq., for each and every separate violation of any provision of the HWCL and any
- 7 applicable permit, rule, regulation, standard, or requirement issued or promulgated pursuant
- 8 thereto which occurred within five years of commencing this action.
- 9 29. Each violation subjects SA Recycling to a separate and additional penalty for each violation. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25189 et seq., a separate civil penalty
- may be imposed for each separate violation, and each penalty that may be imposed is also
- separate and in addition to any other civil penalty imposed under section 25189 et seq., and
- separate and in addition to any other civil penalty imposed under any other provision of law
- 14 except that a person may not be liable for a civil penalty under section 25189.2 and section
- 15 25189 for the same act or omission.

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- 16 30. Based on the above, Plaintiff requests civil penalties against SA Recycling
- 17 LLC under Health and Safety Code section 25189 et seq., for each violation of the HWCL, as
- 18 set forth in Plaintiff's prayer for relief.

#### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

- Violations of Vehicle Code Section 32000 et seq., and Implementing Regulations Against SA
  Recycling
- 31. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive.
- 32. SA Recycling is liable for civil penalties as set forth in Division 14.1 of the Vehicle Code section 32000 et seq., for each and every separate violation.
- 33. Each violation subjects SA Recycling to a separate and additional penalty for each violation in addition to any other civil penalty imposed under any other provision of law.
- 34. Based on the above, Plaintiff requests civil penalties against SA Recycling under Vehicle Code section 32002, for each violation of Division 14.1 of the Vehicle Code, as set

forth in Plaintiff's prayer for relief.				
THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION				
Emissions of Air Contaminants in Violation of Air Resources Law; Health & Safety Code				
Section 39000 et seq. and Implementing Rules of the South Coast Air Quality Management				
District Against All Defendants				
35. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive.				
36. Defendants, or one of them, are liable for civil penalties as set forth in Health and				
Safety Code section 42400 et seq. for each and every separate violation of any provision of				
Division 26 of the Health and Safety Code, or any applicable permit, rule, regulation,				
standard, or requirement issued or promulgated pursuant thereto which occurred within three				
years of commencing this action.				
37. Each violation subjects Defendants, or one of them, to a separate and additional				
penalty for each violation. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 42400 et seq., each day				
during any portion of which a violation occurs constitutes a separate offence and a separate				
civil penalty may be imposed for each separate violation and each penalty that may be				
imposed is also separate and in addition to any other civil penalty imposed under any other				
provision of law.				
38. Based on the above, Plaintiff requests civil penalties against Defendants, or one of				
them, under Health and Safety Code section 42400 et seq. for each violation of Division 26 of				
the Health and Safety Code, as set forth in Plaintiff's prayer for relief.				
FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION				
Violations of Unfair Competition Laws; Business & Professions Code Sections 17200-17208,				
Against All Defendants				
39. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive.				

40. Within four years of commencing this action, Defendants, or one of them, have or has engaged in, and continue to engage in, unlawful acts, omissions, and practices that constitute unfair competition with the meaning of Business and Professions Code sections 17200 through 17800, including but not limited to, the acts or omissions and practices alleged in the -10-

First through Third Causes of Action, above, and unless enjoined by order of the Court,

Defendants, and each of them, may or will continue in the course of conduct as alleged herein.

- Each and every separate act constitutes and unlawful and/or unfair business practice. Each day that Defendants, or one of them, engaged in each separate and unlawful act, omission or practice, is a separate and distinct violation of Business and Professions Code section 17200 et seq.
- 42. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17206, Defendants, or one of them, are liable for civil penalties for each and every separate act of unfair competition as alleged herein.
- 43. Defendants, or one of them, must be immediately and permanently enjoined, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17203, from engaging in acts or practices that, as alleged in this Complaint, violate Chapter 6.5 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code, Division 26 of the Health and Safety Code, Division 14.1 of the Vehicle Code and the implementing regulations of the sections of each respective Code, and county and local ordinances pertaining to hazardous waste, which thereby constitute unfair competition within the meaning of Business and Professions Code section 17200.

#### WHEREFORE PLAINTIFF PRAYS FOR THE FOLLOWING RELIEF

- 1. Civil penalties against SA Recycling LLC pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25189 et seq., in an amount according to proof;
- 2. Civil penalties against SA Recycling LLC pursuant to the Vehicle Code section 32002, in an amount according to proof:
- 3. Civil penalties against Defendants, and each of them, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 42400 et seq., in an amount according to proof;
- 4. Civil penalties against Defendants, and each of them, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17206 for each act of unfair competition engaged in by Defendants, and each of them, in an amount according to proof;
- 5. Plaintiff's costs of inspection, investigation, attorneys' fees, enforcement, prosecution, and suit herein, including but not limited to such costs as are authorized for

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		CM-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Ba	r number, and address); O	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Daniel Wright State Bar No. 12930	9	147°
201 N. Figueroa, Suite 1200		FILED
Los Angeles, CA 90012	(***) *** ***	The state of the s
TELEPHONE NO.: (213) 580-3209	FAX NO.: (213) 202-5990	OS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): People Of the State o	t California	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LO	s Angeles	APR 0 6 2011
STREET ADDRESS: 111 N. Hill Street	_	John A, Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk
MAILING ADDRESS: 111 N. Hill Street		John An Clarke, Executive Children
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Angeles 90012		By Deputy
BRANCH NAME: Stanley Mosk Courth	ouse	By RUGENA LOPEX
CASE NAME:		
PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CAL	IEODNIA ve SA DECVCLING	HC
	TORNIA VS. SA RECTCLING,	CASE NUMBER:
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER.
X Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	00470049
(Amount (Amount		BC458943
demanded demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defer	ndant
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402	DEPT:
ltems 1–6 be	low must be completed (see instructions	s on page 2).
1. Check one box below for the case type the	at best describes this case:	
Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
	r <del></del> i	Construction defect (10)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Other collections (09)	` '
	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	X Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse	Insurance coverage claims arising from the
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	above listed provisionally complex case
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)
Business tort/unfair business practice (0	7) Other real property (26)	Enforcement of Judgment
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
1 — * ` ` `	Commercial (31)	
Defamation (13)	` '	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO (27)
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	
		Pulso of Court 16 the annual a
2. This case isX_ is notcon factors requiring exceptional judicial mana		Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
a. Large number of separately repre	<del></del>	er of witnesses
b Extensive motion practice raising	difficult or novel e. L Coordination	n with related actions pending in one or more courts
issues that will be time-consumir	ng to resolve in other cou-	nties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
c. Substantial amount of document	ary evidence f. Substantial	postjudgment judicial supervision
	<u> </u>	
<ol><li>Remedies sought (check all that apply): a</li></ol>	a. X monetary b. X nonmonetary;	declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive
4. Number of causes of action (specify): For		
( <del></del>	ass action suit.	
		may use form CM-0151
•	and serve a notice of related case. ( YOU	may use forth civi-010.)
Date: 4/06/2011	. <i>Y</i>	7. 11 /1/11. TA
Daniel J. Wright	<b>▶</b> <i>U</i>	mi 1/1/100/
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
	NOTICE	
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the	first paper filed in the action or proceed	ing (except small claims cases or cases filed
	Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Ru	ules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
in sanctions.	or shoot required by least secure	Ĭ
• File this cover sheet in addition to any cover the 3 400 co		number convolución de la convo
other parties to the action or proceeding.	r seq. or the Camornia Rules of Court, yo	ou must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
<ul> <li>other parties to the action of Droceeding.</li> </ul>		
Unless this is a collections case under rul	e 3.740 or a compley case, this sever at	get will be used for statistical aurages and

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the **primary** cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

#### **Auto Tort**

Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

#### Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

Asbestos (04) Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45) Medical Malpractice-Physicians & Surgeons

Other Professional Health Care Maloractice Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD

(e.g., assault, vandalism) Intentional Infliction of

**Emotional Distress** Negligent Infliction of **Emotional Distress** Other PI/PD/WD

## Non-Pt/PD/WD (Other) Tort

**Business Tort/Unfair Business** Practice (07) Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08) Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) (13)Fraud (16) Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25) Legal Malpractice Other Professional Malpractice

(not medical or legal) Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

**Employment** 

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

#### **CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES**

#### Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06) Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence) Negligent Breach of Contract/ Warranty Other Breach of Contract/Warranty Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09) Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff

Other Promissory Note/Collections Case Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)

**Auto Subrogation** Other Coverage Other Contract (37)

Contractual Fraud Other Contract Dispute

#### **Real Property**

Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14) Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Writ of Possession of Real Property Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

#### **Unlawful Detainer**

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential)

#### Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39) Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor Commissioner Appeals

#### Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10) Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28) Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Insurance Coverage Claims (arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41)

#### **Enforcement of Judgment**

Enforcement of Judgment (20) Abstract of Judgment (Out of County) Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations) Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

## Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)

Other Complaint (not specified above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (nonharassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)

Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)

# **Miscellaneous Civil Petition**

Partnership and Corporate Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified above) (43)

Civil Harassment Workplace Violence Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse **Election Contest** 

Petition for Name Change Petition for Relief From Late Claim

Other Civil Petition

PEOPLE vs. SA RECYCLING, LLC

CASE NUMBER

# LOS ANGÈLES SUPERIOR COURT

APR 0 6 2011

**Paputy** FIUGENA LOPEZ

# CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO **COURTHOUSE LOCATION)**

This form is required pursuant to LASC Local Rule 2.0 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.

Item I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case:

JURY TRIAL? ☐ YES CLASS ACTION? ☐ YES LIMITED CASE? ☐ YES TIME ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL ☐ HOURS/☐ DAYS Item II. Select the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps - If you checked "Limited Case", skip to Item III, Pg. 4):

Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet Form, find the main civil case cover sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected.

Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case.

Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Los Angeles Superior Court Local Rule 2.0.

# Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below)

- Class Actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Central District.
- May be filed in Central (Other county, or no Bodily Injury/Property Damage).
   Location where cause of action arose.
- Location where bodily injury, death or damage occurred.
   Location where performance required or defendant resides.
- Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle.
- Location where petitioner resides.

  Location wherein defendant/respondent functions wholly.
- Secation where one or more of the parties reside.
   Location of Labor Commissioner Office

Step 4: Fill in the information requested on page 4 in Item III; complete Item IV. Sign the declaration.

Other Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	<b>B</b> Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
Auto (22)	☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 2., 4.
Uninsured Motorist (46)	☐ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death – Uninsured Motorist	1., 2., 4.
Asbestos (04)	☐ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage ☐ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	2. 2.
Product Liability (24)	☐ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental)	1., 2., 3., 4., 8.
Medical Malpractice (45)	□ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice	1., 2., 4. 1., 2., 4.
Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	<ul> <li>□ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)</li> <li>□ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.)</li> <li>□ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress</li> <li>□ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death</li> </ul>	1., 2., 4. 1., 2., 4. 1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 4.

LACIV 109 (Rev. 01/11)

# PEOPLE vs. SA RECYCLING, LLC

CASE NUMBER

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

Employment

Contract

Real Property

**Unlawful Detainer** 

<b>A</b> Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
Business Tort (07)	☐ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1., 2., 3.
Civil Rights (08)	☐ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1., 2., 3.
Defamation (13)	□ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1., 2., 3.
Fraud (16)	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1., 2., 3.
Professional Negligence (25)	☐ A6017 Legal Malpractice ☐ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 3.
Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	2.,3.
Wrongful Termination (36)	☐ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1., 2., 3.
Other Employment (15)	□ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case □ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	1., 2., 3. 10.
Breach of Contract/ Warranty	A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)	2., 5. 2., 5.
(06) (not insurance)	☐ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence)  ☐ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud)  ☐ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)	1., 2., 5. 1., 2., 5.
Collections (09)	□ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff □ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	2., 5., 6. 2., 5.
Insurance Coverage (18)	☐ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1., 2., 5., 8.
Other Contract (37)	☐ A6009 Contractual Fraud ☐ A6031 Tortious Interference ☐ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 8.
Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	□ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2.
Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2., 6.
Other Real Property (26)	□ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure □ A6032 Quiet Title □ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure)	2., 6. 2., 6. 2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31)	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	☐ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Foreclosure (34)	☐ A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Foreclosure	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	□ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2., 6.

SHORT TITLE

PEOPLE vs. SA RECYCLING, LLC

CASE NUMBER

	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	B Type of Action (Check only one)	<b>C</b> Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
	Asset Forfeiture (05)	□ A6108 Asset Forfeiture Case	2., 6.
riew	Petition re Arbitration (11)	□ A6115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2., 5.
Judicial Review	Writ of Mandate (02)	□ A6151 Writ - Administrative Mandamus □ A6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter □ A6153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review	2., 8. 2. 2.
	Other Judicial Review (39)	□ A6150 Other Writ /Judicial Review	2., 8.
ion	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	☐ A6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1., 2., 8.
Litigat	Construction Defect (10)	☐ A6007 Construction Defect	1., 2., 3.
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	☐ A6006 Claims Involving Mass Tort	1., 2., 8.
ily Co	Securities Litigation (28)	□ A6035 Securities Litigation Case	1., 2., 8.
risiona	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	☑ A6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1., 2., 3., 8.
Pro	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	☐ A6014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1., 2., 5., 8.
Enforcement of Judgment	Enforcement of Judgment (20)	<ul> <li>□ A6141 Sister State Judgment</li> <li>□ A6160 Abstract of Judgment</li> <li>□ A6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)</li> <li>□ A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)</li> <li>□ A6114 Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax</li> <li>□ A6112 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case</li> </ul>	2., 9. 2., 6. 2., 9. 2., 8. 2., 8. 2., 8., 9.
e st	RICO (27)	☐ A6033 Racketeering (RICO) Case	1., 2., 8.
Miscellaneous Civil Complaints	Other Complaints (Not Specified Above) (42)	<ul> <li>□ A6030 Declaratory Relief Only</li> <li>□ A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)</li> <li>□ A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)</li> <li>□ A6000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)</li> </ul>	1., 2., 8. 2., 8. 1., 2., 8. 1., 2., 8.
	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	☐ A6113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2., 8.
Miscellaneous Civil Petitions	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	□ A6121 Civil Harassment □ A6123 Workplace Harassment □ A6124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case □ A6190 Election Contest □ A6110 Petition for Change of Name □ A6170 Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law	2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2. 2., 7. 2., 3., 4., 8.
		A6100 Other Civil Petition	2., 9.

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PEOPLE vs. SA RECYCLING, LLC	CASE NUMBER

Item III. Statement of Location: Enter the address of the accident, party's residence or place of business, performance, or other circumstance indicated in Item II., Step 3 on Page 1, as the proper reason for filing in the court location you selected.

WHICH APPLIES IN THIS CASE			901 New Dock Street
□1. ☑2. □3. □4. □5. □6. □	7. □8. □	]9. □10.	
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP CODE:	
Los Angeles	CA	90731	
and correct and that the above-entitle	ed matter	is properly file	erjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and for assignment to the Stanley Mosk courthouse in the burt [Code Civ. Proc., § 392 et seq., and LASC Local Rule 2.0, subds.

Dated: 4/06/2011

PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint or Petition.
- 2. If filing a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet form CM-010.
- 4. Complete Addendum to Civil Case Cover Sheet form LASC Approved CIV 109 (Rev. 01/07).
- 5. Payment in full of the filing fee, unless fees have been waived.
- 6. Signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, JC form FL-935, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age, or if required by Court.
- Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.